

ESM-7730 72 x 72 DIN Size Universal Input PID Process Controller

- 4 digits process value (PV) and 4 digits process set value (SV) display
- Universal process input (TC, RTD, mV == , V == , mA ==)
- Dual or multi point calibration for ___ Voltage / Current input
- Configurable ON/OFF, P, PI, PD and PID control forms
- Adaptation of PID coefficients to the system with Auto-tune and Self-tune
- Manual/Automatic mode selection for control output
- Bumpless transfer
- Programmable heating, cooling and alarm functions for control Output

ABOUT INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Instruction manual of ESM-7730 process controller consists of two main sections. Also, there are other sections which includes order information and technical specifications of the device. All titles and page numbers in instruction manual are in "**CONTENTS**" section. User can reach to any title with section number.

Installation:

In this section, physical dimensions of the device, panel mounting, electrical wiring, physical and electrical installation of the device to the system are explained.

Operation and Parameters:

In this section, user interface of the device, how to access to the parameters, description of parameters are explained.

Also in these sections, there are warnings to prevent serious injury while doing the physical and electrical mounting or using the device.

Explanation of the symbols which are used in these sections are given below.



This symbol is used for safety warnings. User must pay attention to these warnings.



This symbol is used to determine the dangerous situations as a result of an electric shock. User must pay attention to these warnings definitely.



This symbol is used to determine the important notes about functions and usage of the device.

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EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer Company Name : Emko Elektronik A.S..

Manufacturer Company Address: DOSAB, Karanfil Sokak, No:6, 16369 Bursa, Turkiye

The manufacturer hereby declares that the product conforms to the following standards and conditions.

Product Name : Process Controller

Model Number : ESM-7730

Type Number : ESM-7730

Product Category laboratory use

: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and

Conforms to the following directives:

73 / 23 / EEC The Low Voltage Directive as amended by 93 / 68 / EEC

89 / 336 / EEC The Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

Has been designed and manufactured according to the following specifications

EN 61000-6-4:2001 EMC Generic Emission Standard for the Industrial Environment

EN 61000-6-2:2001 EMC Generic Immunity Standard for the Industrial Environment

EN 61010-1:2001 Safety Requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use

1.Preface

ESM series process controllers are designed for measuring and controlling temperature and any process value. They can be used in many applications with their universal process input, control outputs, selectable alarm functions.

Some application fields and an application which they are used are listed below:

Application Fields

<u>Application</u>

Glass

Plastic

PID Process Control

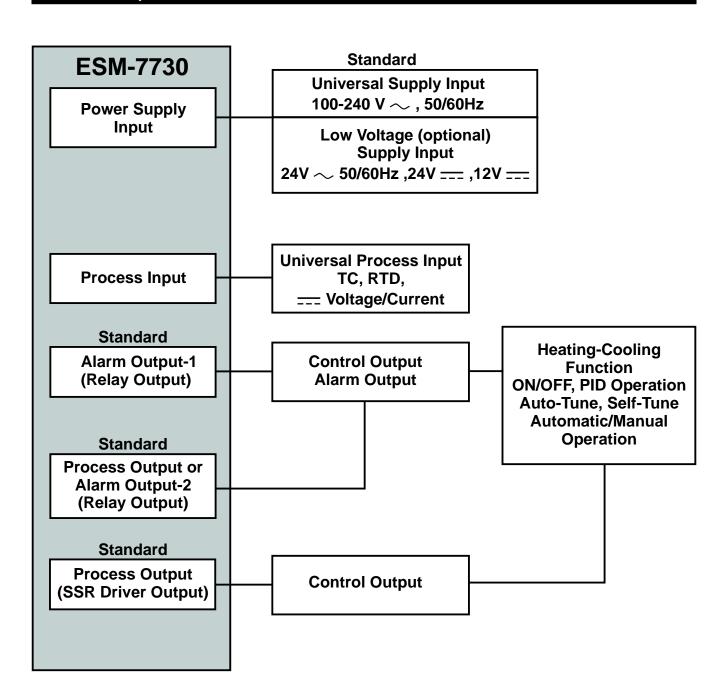
Petro-Chemistry

Textile

Automative

Machine production industries

1.1 General Specifications



1.2 Ordering Information

ESM-7730 (72x72 DIN Size)	Α	вс	D	E	1	FG	н	1	U	V	w	Z
(.225 6)25/			0	1	1	01	02	1				

	Α	Supply Voltage
Ī	1	100-240V ∼ (-15%;+10%) 50/60Hz
	2	24 V ~ (-15%;+10%) 50/60Hz 24V === (-15%;+10%)
	6	12 V === (-15%;+10%)
Ī	9	Customer (Maximum 240V ~ (-15%;+10%))50/60Hz

BC	Input Type	Scale
20	Configurable (Table-1)	Table-1

D	Serial Communication
0	None
Е	Output-1

1	Relay Output (5A@250 V at resistive load)			
FG	Output-2			
01	Relay Output (5A@250 V at resistive load)			

Н	Output-3
02	SSR Driver Output (Maximum 20mA@18V ===)

Table-1

вс	Input Type(TC)	Scale(°C)	Scale(°F)
21	L ,Fe Const DIN43710	-100°C,850°C	-148°F ,1562°F
22	L ,Fe Const DIN43710	-100.0°C,850.0°C	-148.0°F,999.9°F
23	J ,Fe CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,900°C	-328°F,1652°F
24	J ,Fe CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,900.0°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F
25	K ,NiCr Ni IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,1300°C	-328°F,2372°F
26	K ,NiCr Ni IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,999.9°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F
27	R ,Pt13%Rh Pt IEC584.1(ITS90)	0°C,1700°C	32°F,3092°F
28	S ,Pt10%Rh Pt IEC584.1(ITS90)	0°C,1700°C	32°F,3092°F
29	T ,Cu CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,400°C	-328°F,752°F
30	T ,Cu CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,400.0°C	-199.9°F,752.0°F
31	B ,Pt30%Rh Pt6%Rh IEC584.1(ITS90)	44°C,1800°C	111°F,3272°F
32	B ,Pt30%Rh Pt6%Rh IEC584.1(ITS90)	44.0°C,999.9°C	111.0°F,999.9°F
33	E ,NiCr CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-150°C,700°C	-238°F,1292°F
34	E ,NiCr CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-150.0°C,700.0°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F
35	N ,Nicrosil Nisil IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,1300°C	-328°F,2372°F
36	N ,Nicrosil Nisil IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,999.9°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F
37	C, (ITS90)	0°C,2300°C	32°F,3261°F
38	C, (ITS90)	0.0°C,999.9°C	32.0°F,999.9°F

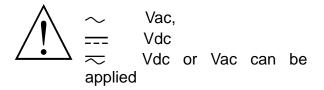
ВС	Input Type(RTD)	Scale(°C)	Scale(°F)
39	PT 100, IEC751(ITS90)	-200°C,650°C	-328°F,1202°F
40	PT 100, IEC751(ITS90)	-199.9°C,650.0°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F

ВС	Input Type(Voltage and Current)	Scale
41	050 mV 	-1999,9999
42	05 V 	-1999,9999
43	010 V 	-1999,9999
44	020 mA 	-1999,9999
45	420 mA 	-1999,9999

All order information of ESM-7730 are given on the table at left. User may form appropriate device configuration from information and codes that at the table and convert it to the ordering codes.

Firstly, supply voltage then other specifications must be determined. Please fill the order code blanks according to your needs.

Please contact us, if your needs are out of the standards.



1.3 Warranty

EMKO Elektronik warrants that the equipment delivered is free from defects in material and workmanship. This warranty is provided for a period of two years. The warranty period starts from the delivery date. This warranty is in force if duty and responsibilities which are determined in warranty document and instruction manual performs by the customer completely.

1.4 Maintenance

Repairs should only be performed by trained and specialized personnel. Cut power to the device before accessing internal parts.

Do not clean the case with hydrocarbon-based solvents (Petrol, Trichlorethylene etc.). Use of these solvents can reduce the mechanical reliability of the device. Use a cloth dampened in ethyl alcohol or water to clean the external plastic case.

2.Installation



Before beginning installation of this product, please read the instruction manual and warnings below carefully.

In package,

- One piece unit
- Two pieces mounting clamps
- One piece instruction manual

A visual inspection of this product for possible damage occured during shipment is recommended before installation. It is your responsibility to ensure that qualified mechanical and electrical technicians install this product.

If there is danger of serious accident resulting from a failure or defect in this unit, power off the system and separate the electrical connection of the device from the system.

The unit is normally supplied without a power switch or a fuse. Use power switch and fuse as required.

Be sure to use the rated power supply voltage to protect the unit against damage and to prevent failure.

Keep the power off until all of the wiring is completed so that electric shock and trouble with the unit can be prevented.

Never attempt to disassemble, modify or repair this unit. Tampering with the unit may results in malfunction, electric shock or fire.

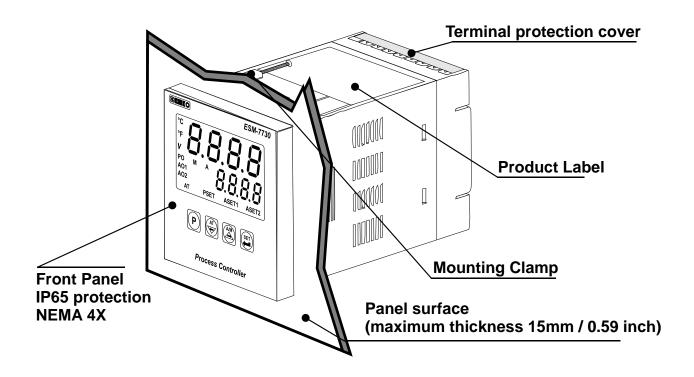
Do not use the unit in combustible or explosive gaseous atmospheres.

During the equipment is putted in hole on the metal panel while mechanical installation some metal burrs can cause injury on hands, you must be careful.

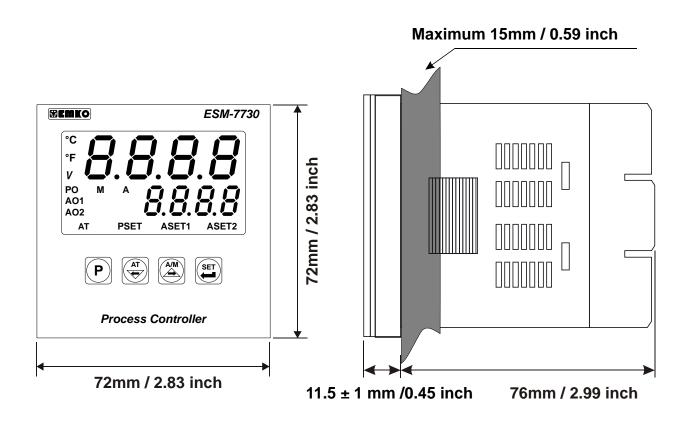
Montage of the product on a system must be done with it's fixing clamps. Do not do the montage of the device with inappropriate fixing clamp. Be sure that device will not fall while doing the montage.

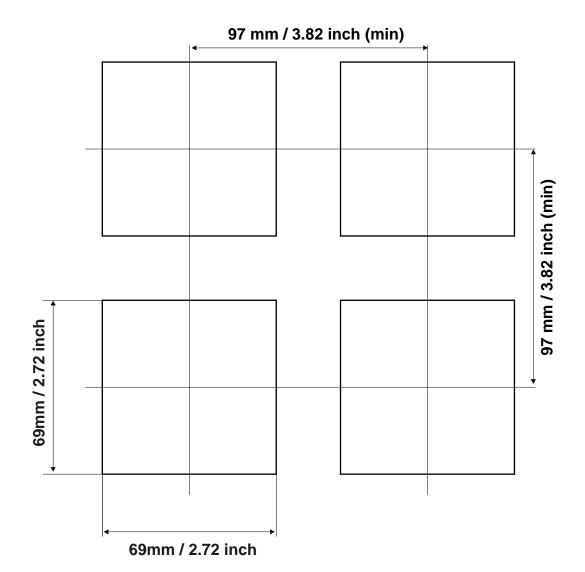
It is your responsibility if this equipment is used in a manner not specified in this instruction manual.

2.1 General Description



2.2 Dimensions





2.4 Environmental Ratings

Operating Conditions



Operating Temperature : 0 to 50 °C



Max. Operating Humidity: 90% Rh (non-condensing)



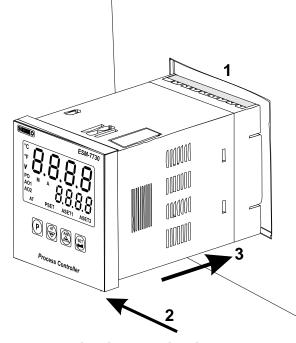
Altitude : Up to 2000m.



Forbidden Conditions: Corrosive atmosphere Explosive atmosphere

Home applications (The unit is only for industrial applications)

2.5 Panel Mounting

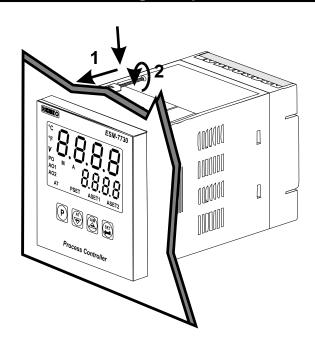


- 1-Before mounting the device in your panel, make sure that the cut-out is of the right size.
- 2-Check front panel gasket position
- 3-Insert the device through the cut-out. If the mounting clamps are on the unit, put out them before inserting the unit to the panel.



During installation into a metal panel, care should be taken to avoid injury from metal burrs which might be present. The equipment can loosen from vibration and become dislodged if installation parts are not properly tightened. These precautions for the safety of the person who does the panel mounting.

2.6 Installation Mounting Clamp



The unit is designed for panel mounting.

- 1-Insert the unit in the panel cut-out from the front side.
- 2- Insert the mounting clamps to the holes that located top and bottom sides of device and screw up the fixing screws until the unit completely immobile within the panel

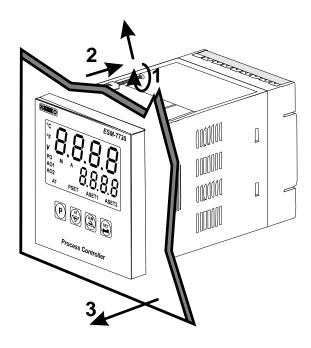


Montage of the unit to a system must be done with it's own fixing clamps. Do not do the montage of the device with inappropriate fixing clamps. Be sure that device will not fall while doing the montage.

2.7 Removing from the Panel



Before starting to remove the unit from panel, power off the unit and the related system.



- 1-Loosen the screws.
- 2-Pull mounting clamps from top and bottom fixing sockets.
- 3-Pull the unit through the front side of the panel

3. Electrical Wiring



You must ensure that the device is correctly configured for your application. Incorrect configuration could result in damage to the process being controlled, and/or personal injury. It is your responsibility, as the installer, to ensure that the configuration is correct.

Parameters of the device has factory default values. These parameters must be set according to the system's needs.



Only qualified personnel and technicians should work on this equipment. This equipment contains internal circuits with voltage dangerous to human life. There is severe danger for human life in the case of unauthorized intervention.

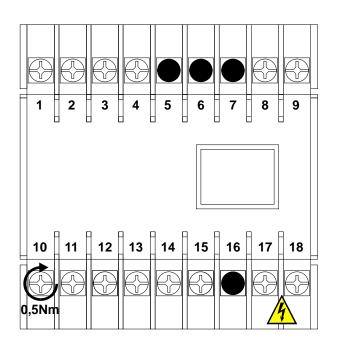


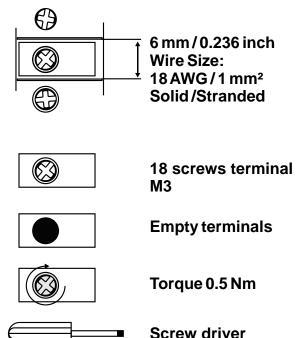
Be sure to use the rated power supply voltage to protect the unit against damage and to prevent failure.



Keep the power off until all of the wiring is completed so that electric shock and trouble with the unit can be prevented.

3.1 Terminal Layout and Connection Instructions

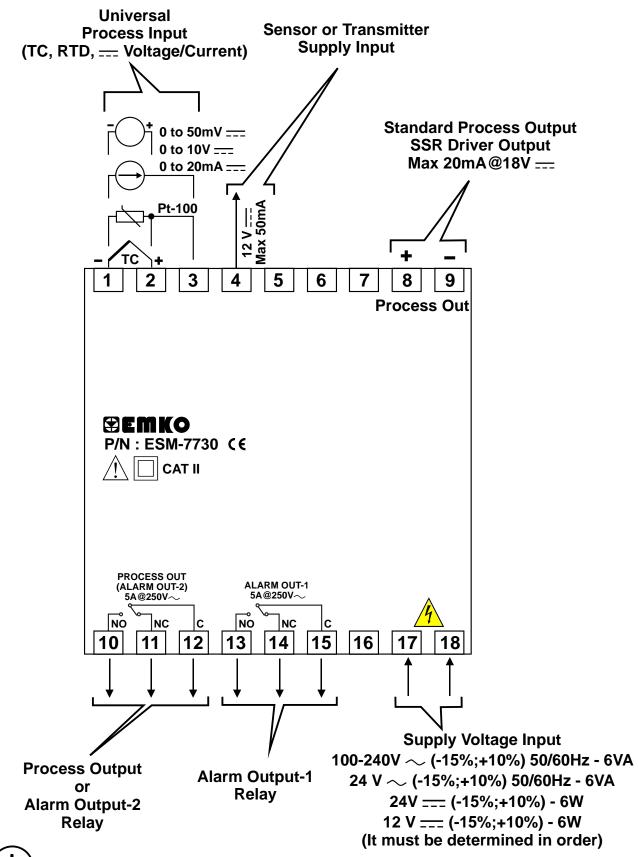


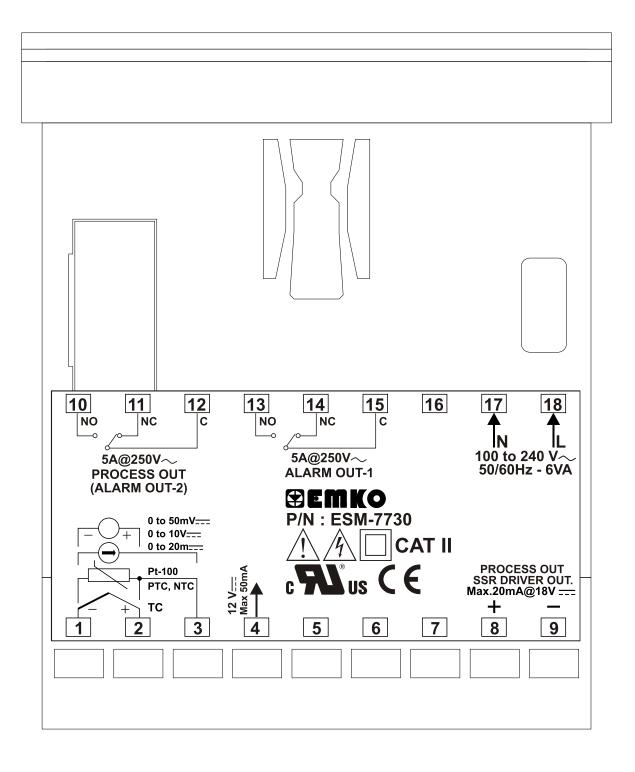


3.2 Electrical Wiring Diagram

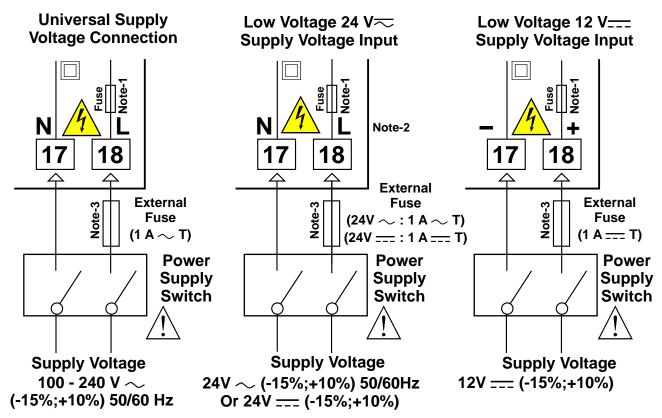


Electrical wiring of the device must be the same as 'Electrical Wiring Diagram' below to prevent damage to the process being controlled and personnel injury.





3.4 Connection of Device Supply Voltage Input



Note-1: There is an internal 33R fusible flameproof resistor in 100-240 V \sim 50/60Hz supply voltage input

There is an internal 4R7 $\,$ fusible flameproof resistor in 24V \sim 50/60Hz , 24V $_{==}$ and 12V $_{==}$ supply voltage input

Note-2: "L" is (+)," N" is (-) for 24V == supply voltage

Note-3: External fuse is recommended.



Make sure that the power supply voltage is the same indicated on the instrument.

Switch on the power supply only after that all the electrical connections have been completed.

Supply voltage range must be determined in order. While installing the unit, supply voltage range must be controlled and appropriate supply voltage must be applied to the unit. Controlling prevents damages in unit and system and possible accidents as a result of incorrect supply voltage.



There is no power supply switch on the device. So a power supply switch must be added to the supply voltage input. In accordance with the safety regulations, the power supply switch shall bring the identification of the relevant instrument. Power supply switch shall be easily accessible by the user.

Power switch must be two poled for seperating phase and neutral. On/Off condition of power switch is very important in electrical connection. On/Off condition of power switch must be signed for preventing the wrong connection.

If an external fuse is used, it must be on phase connection in \sim supply input. If an external fuse is used, it must be on (+) line connection in = supply input.



The instrument is protected with an internal fuse (Please refer to Note1 for information). In case of failure it is suggested to return the instrument to the manufacturer for repair.

3.5.1 TC (Thermocouple) Connection

TC

- + Always used. If

Connect the wires with the polarity as shown in the figure at left.

Always use compensation wire corresponding to the thermocouple used. If present, the shield must be connected to a proper ground.

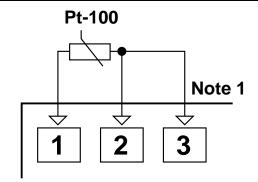


Always use compensation wire corresponding to the thermocouple used. If present, the shield must be connected to a proper ground.

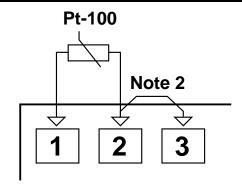


Input resistance is greater than 10M

3.5.2 RTD Connection



3-wire Pt-100 connection (with line compensation) (Max. Line impedance is 10)



2-wire Pt-100 connection (without line compensation)

- **Note 1:** In 3-wire system, use always cables of the same diameter (min 1mm²) Always use wires of the same gauge and type whether a 2-wire or 3-wire system.
- Note 2: Install a jumper between terminals 2 and 3 when using a 2-wire RTD.
- Note 3: If the distance is longer than 10 meters, use 3-wire system



Input resistance is greater than 10M

3.5.3 Connection of Serial Transmitters With Current Output (Loop Powered) to the Process Input

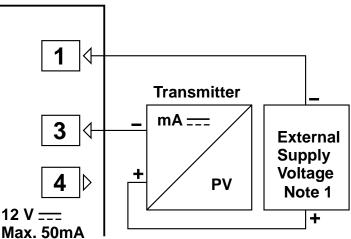
Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter

3 + PV

12 V --
Max. 50mA

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.



Note 1 : External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

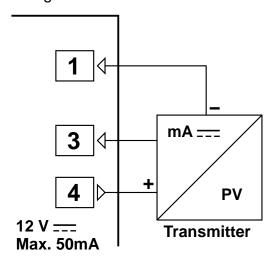


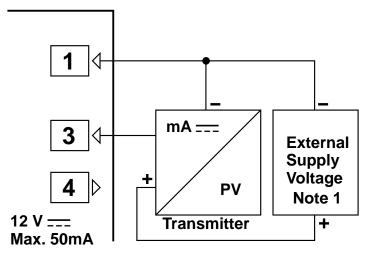
Input resistance is 2R7

3.5.4 Connection of 3-wire Transmitters with Current Output to the Process Input

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.





Note-1: External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

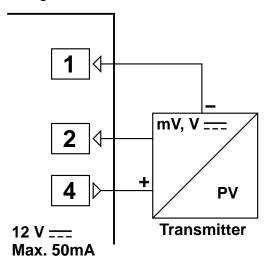


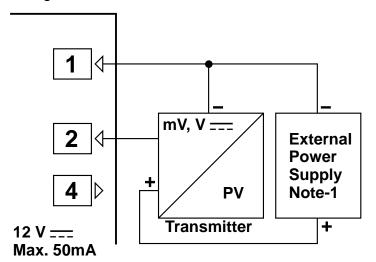
Input resistance is 2R7

3.5.5 Connection of Transmitters with Voltage Output to the Process Input

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.



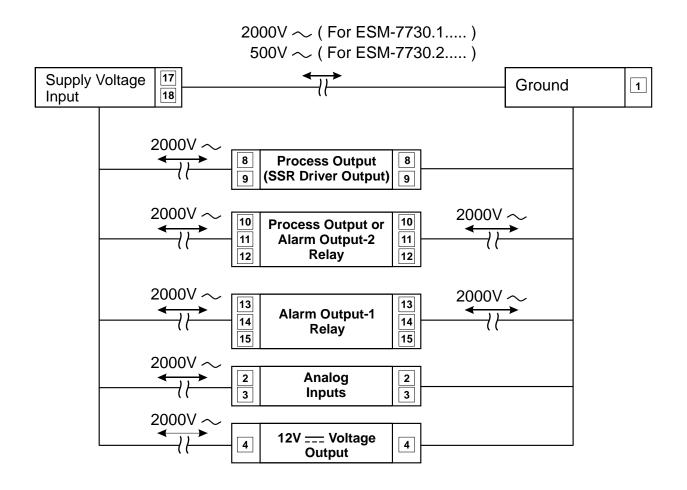


Note-1: External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

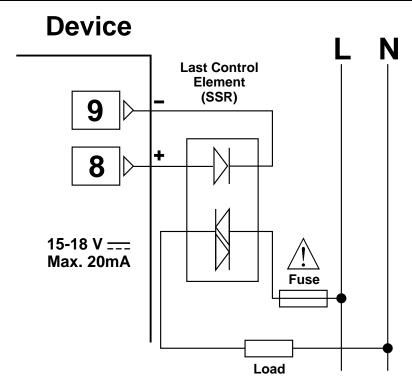


Input resistance is greater than 10M for 0...50mV === Input resistance is 43K for 0...10V ===

3.6 Galvanic Isolation Test Values of ESM-7730 Process Controller



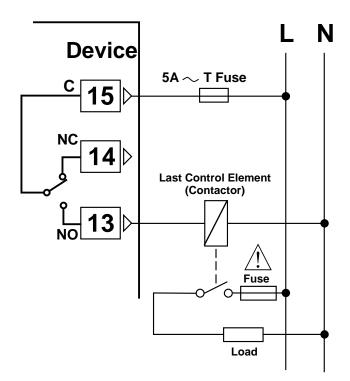
4.1 Process Output (SSR Driver Output) Connection





Fuses must be selected according to the applications.

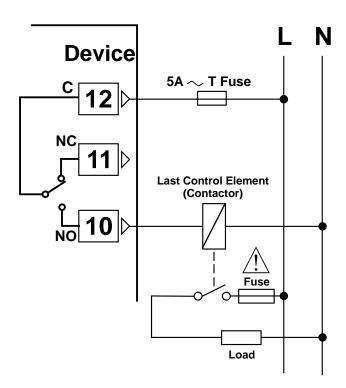
4.2 Alarm Output-1 Relay Connection





Fuses must be selected according to the applications.

4.3 Process Output or Alarm Output-2 Relay Connection

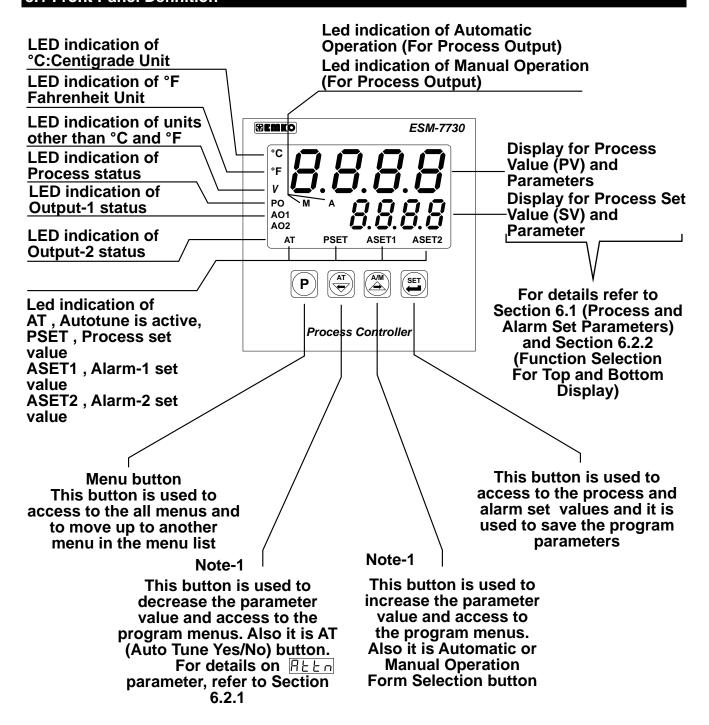




Fuses must be selected according to the applications.

5. Definition of Front Panel and Accessing to the Menus

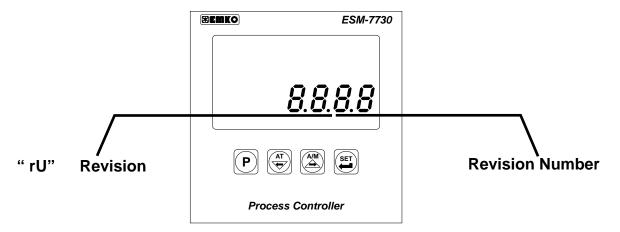
5.1 Front Panel Definition



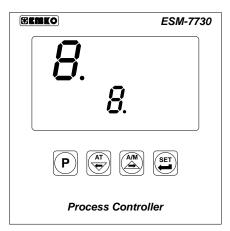
Note-1: If increment or decrement button is pressed for 5 seconds continuously, increment and decrement number become 10, if increment or decrement button is pressed for 10 seconds continuously, increment and decrement number become 100.

5.2 Observation of Software Revision on the Bottom Display When Power in On

When the power is applied to the device all led indicators and display segments are momentarily illuminated for testing. Software revision number of the controller is momentarily illuminated on the bottom display.



When power is on, display of the device is like below:



First segments of top and bottom displays are tested



Second segments of top and bottom displays are tested.



Third segments of top and bottom displays are tested.



Fourth segments of top and bottom displays are tested.



All leds are energised. On bottom display revision number is shown. Revision number is "07".

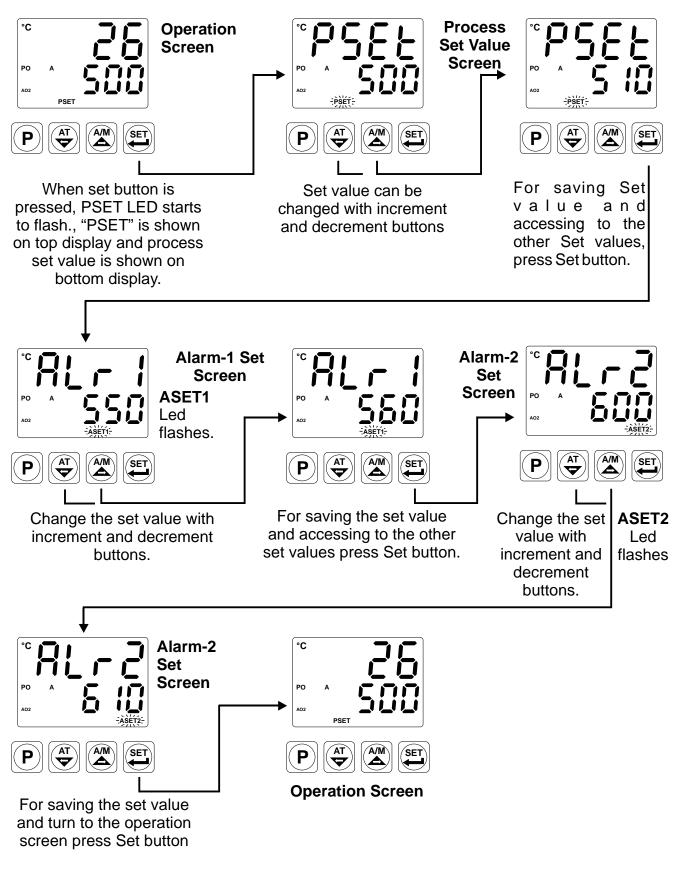


Main operation screen is shown



If there is an unexpected situation while opening the device, power off the device and inform a qualified personnel.

5.3 Adjustment of Process and Alarm SET Values

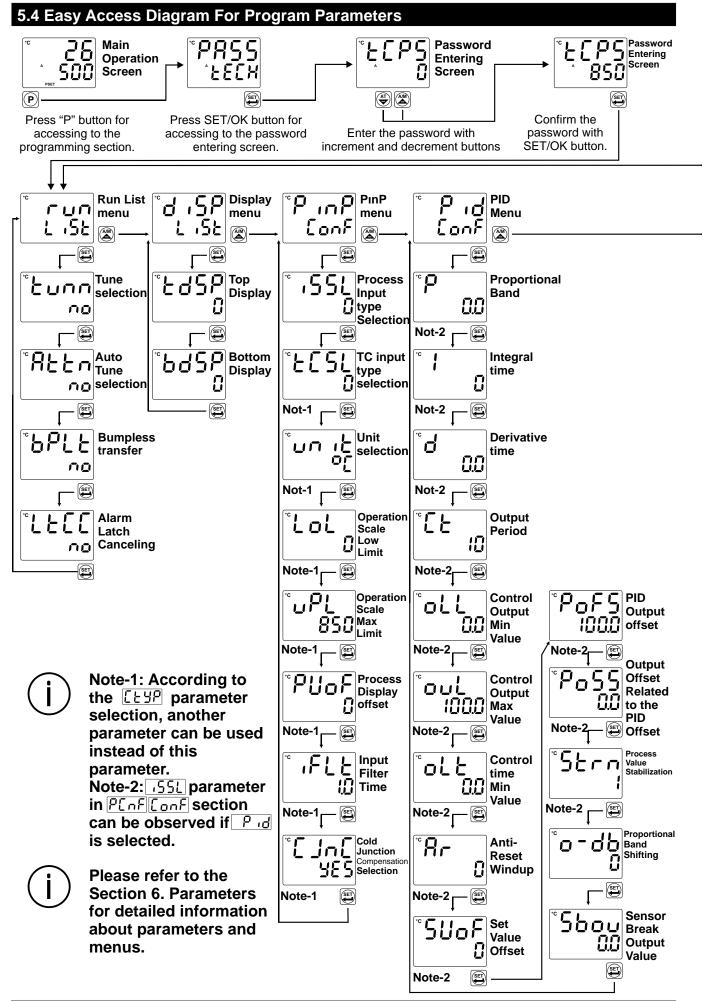


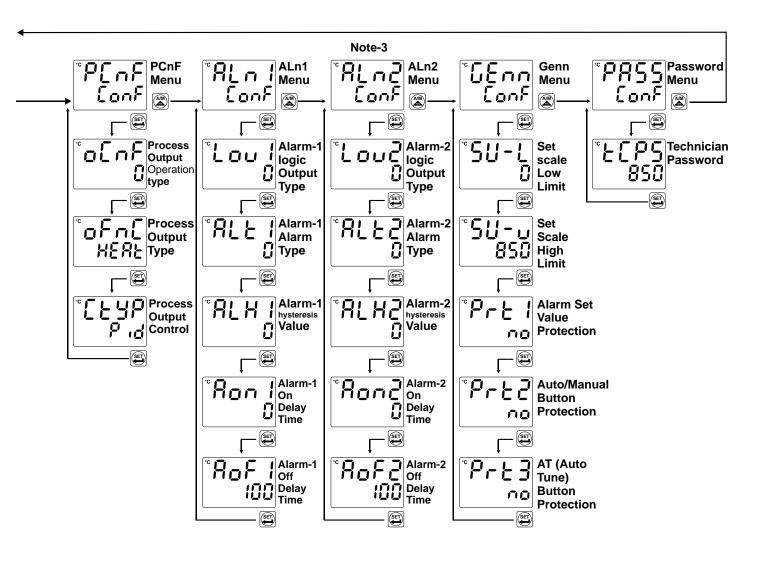


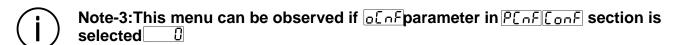
If <u>of nF</u> parameter in PCnF menu is <u>0</u>, <u>RL n</u> parameter is accessible. If it is , this parameter is not accessible and device turns to main operation screen.



For exiting without saving Set value, press menu ("P") button.



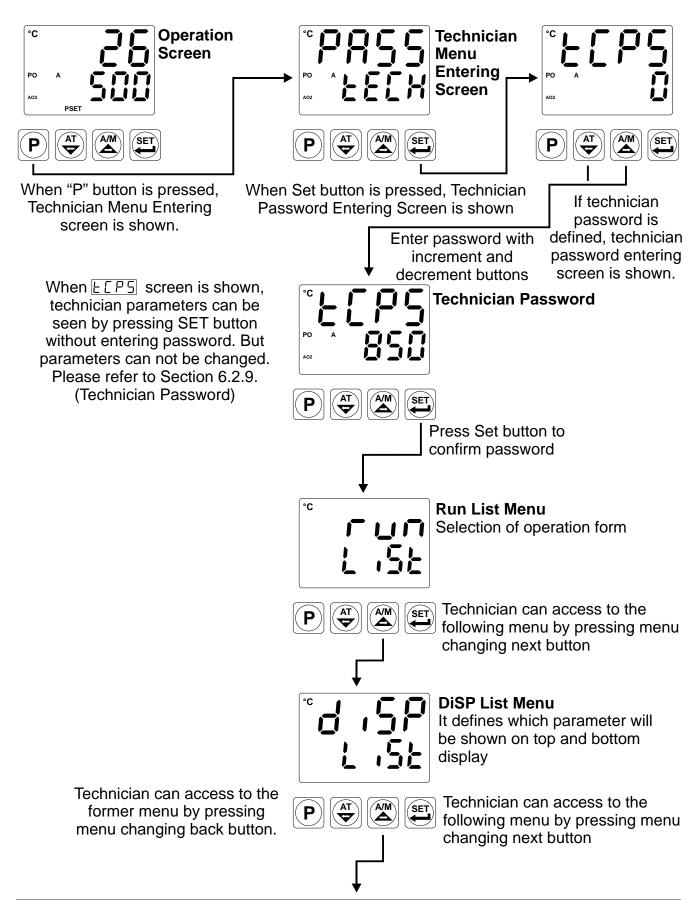




Please refer to the Section 6.Parameters for detailed information about Parameters and menus.

5.5 Accessing to the Technician Menu

The parameters have been divided into groups according to their functions. Every group has a title and firstly user must determine the title (menu) for accessing to the parameters. Refer to the parameters section for detailed information about parameters.

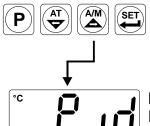




PINP CONF Menu

Configuration parameters of process input

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

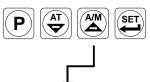


Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button



PID algorithm parameters

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



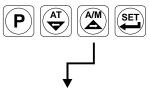
Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button



PCnF CONF Menu

Configuration parameters of Process outputs

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



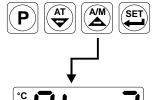
Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button



ALn1 CONF Menu

Configuration parameters of ALARM -1 output

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

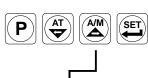
This parameter is accessible if □ [¬ F] parameter in PCnF menu is []



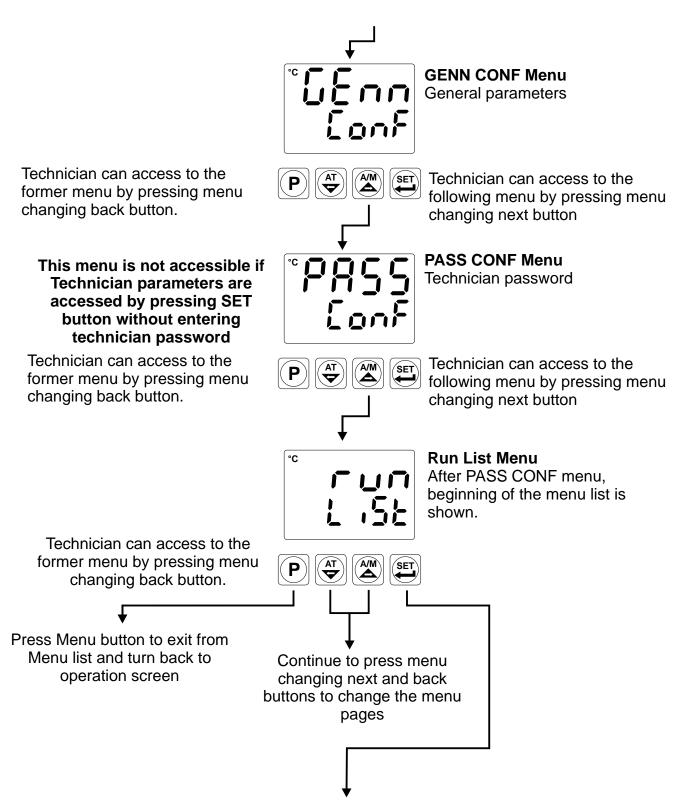
ALn2 CONF Menu
Configuration parameters of

ALARM -2 Output

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button



By pressing SET button, technician can access to the menu page and to all parameters in this menu page.

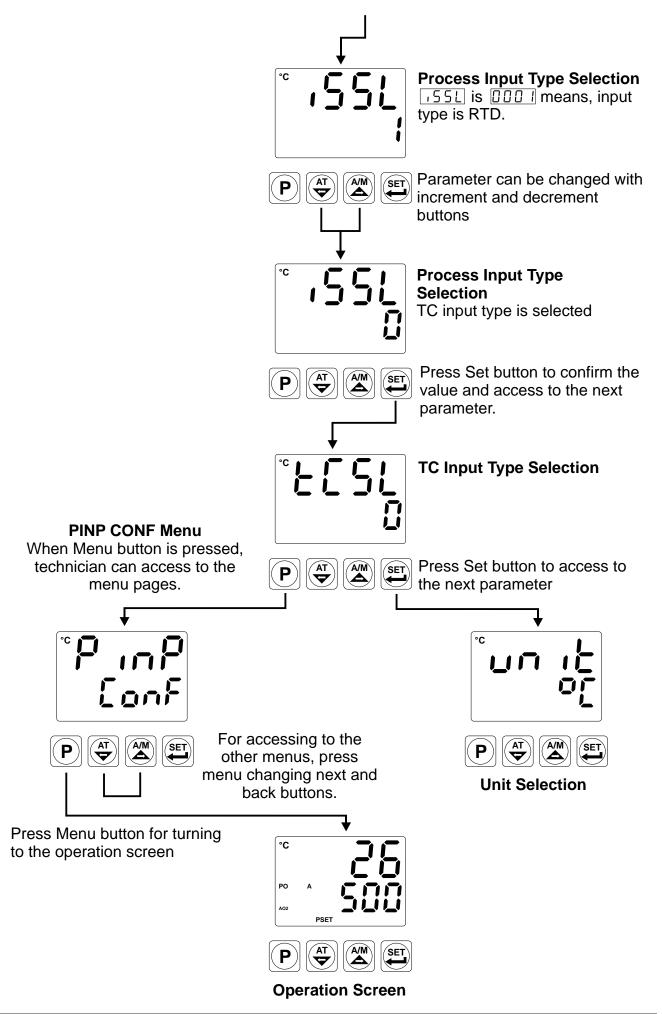
5.6 Changing and Saving Parameters **Example-1:** To change Process Input Type parameter 551 Process Input Type parameter 55L is in "PınP Conf" menu, so PınP ConF menu must be accessed firstly in order to reach \(\sigma 55L \) parameter. Operation Technician Screen Menu Entering Screen When Set button is pressed, When "P" button is pressed, If password is not **Technician Password Entering** Technician Menu Entering 0, Technician Screen is shown screen is shown. Password Entering Screen is Enter password with increment and decrement buttons shown. Run List Menu Technician **Password** Selection of operation form Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button Press Set button to confirm password When EEPS screen is shown, **DiSP List Menu** technician parameters can be It defines which parameter will seen by pressing SET button be shown on top and bottom without entering password. But display parameters can not be changed. Please refer to Section 6.2.9. Technician can access to the (Technician Password) following menu by pressing menu changing next button Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button. **PINP CONF Menu** Configuration parameters of

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



Press Set button to access to PinP ConF menu

process input



Example-2: Changing operation form from "**Auto**" to "**Manual**" and adjustment of % output. If operation form is **Auto (Close-Loop Control)** and there is an output with PID or ON/OFF control form, device controls the process outputs by calculating the % output values automaticaly.

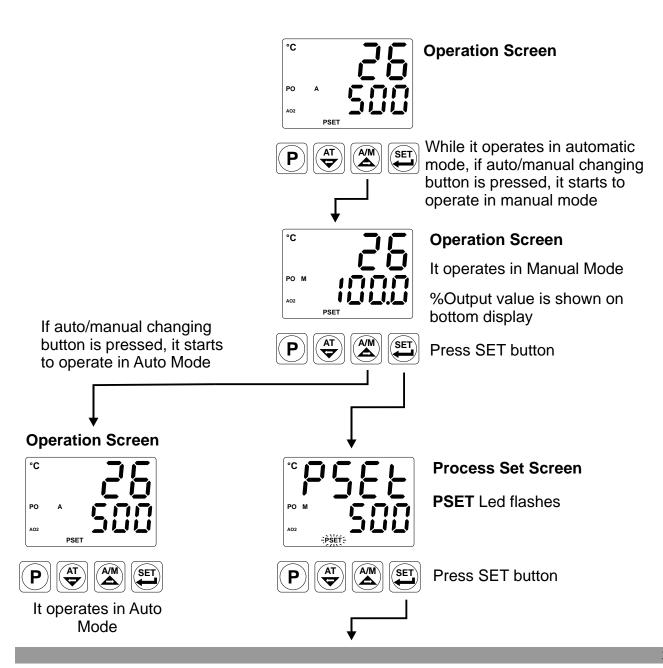
If operation form is **Manual (Open-Loop Control)** and there is an output with PID control form, then % output value can be adjusted with increment and decrement buttons.

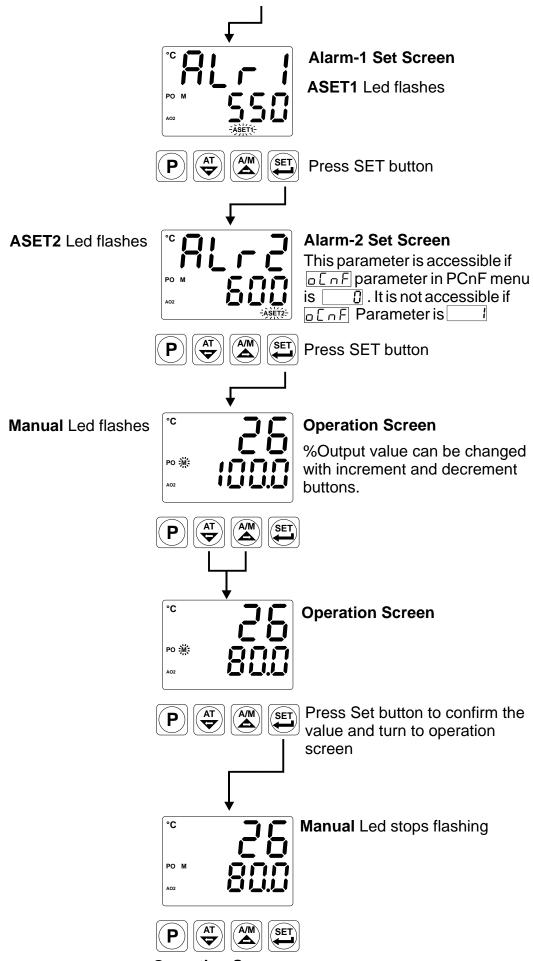
If operation form is **Manual (Open-Loop Control)**, and there is an output with ON/OFF control form, then %output value can be adjusted "OFF", "HEAT" or "COOL" with decrement and increment buttons.

If operation form is Manual, % output value is shown on bottom display whatever **b** d 5 P parameter is.



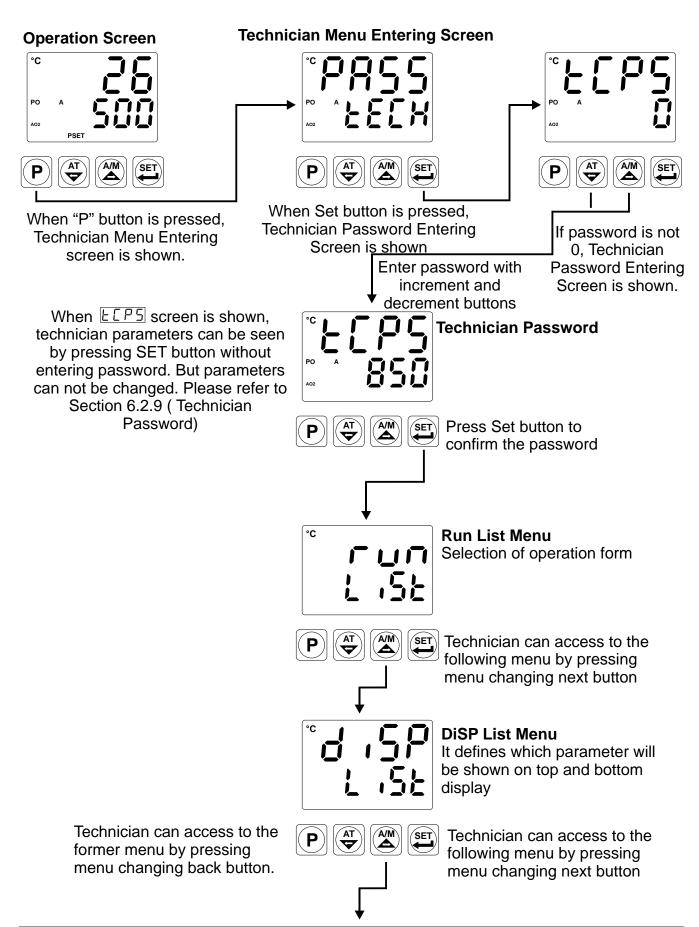
For details on this parameter, refer to Section 6.2.8 General Parameters.

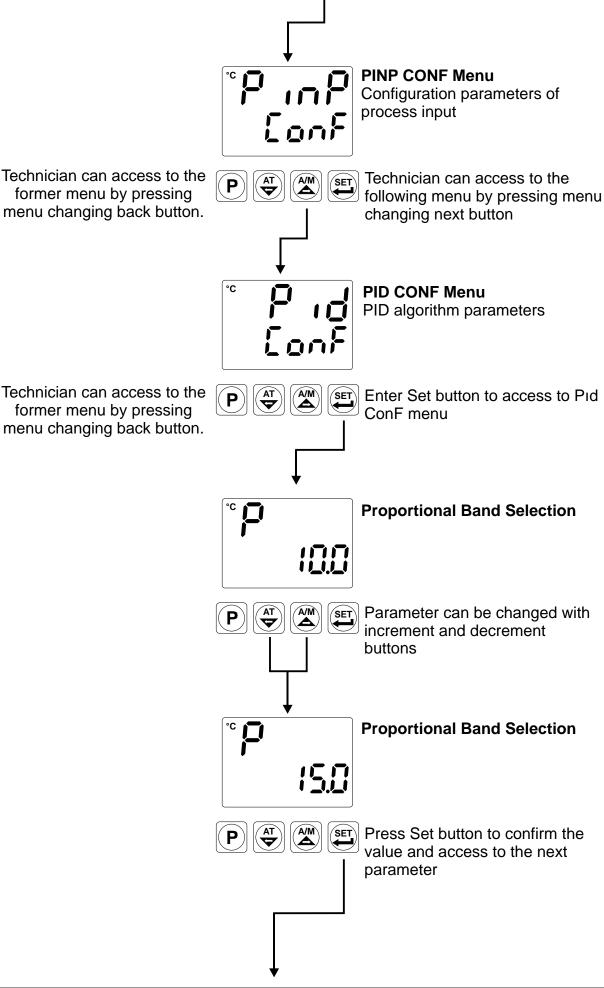


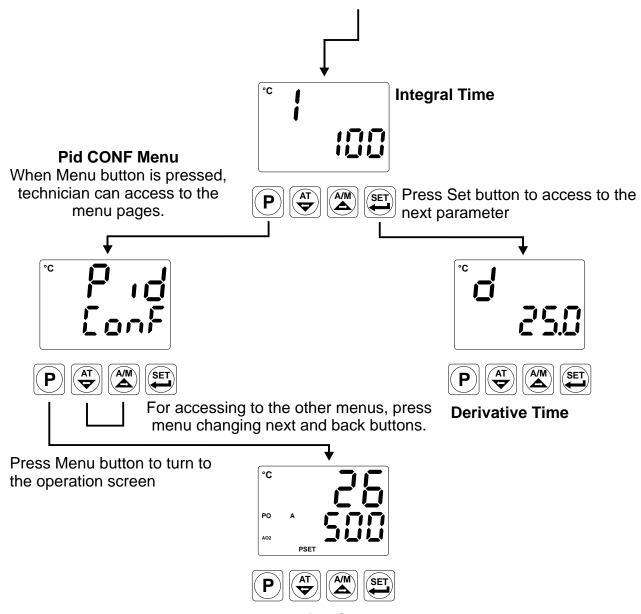


Operation Screen

Proportional band parameter [P is in "Pid Conf" menu, so "Pid Conf" menu must be accessed firstly.



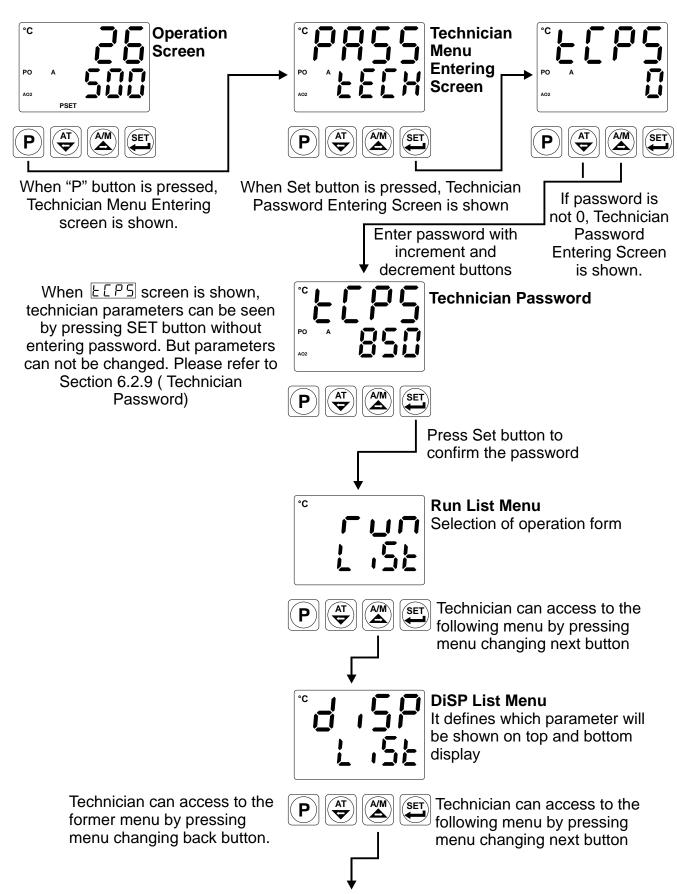


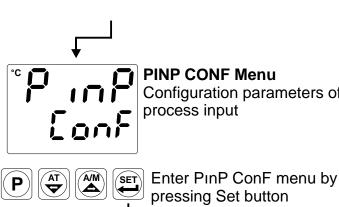


Operation Screen

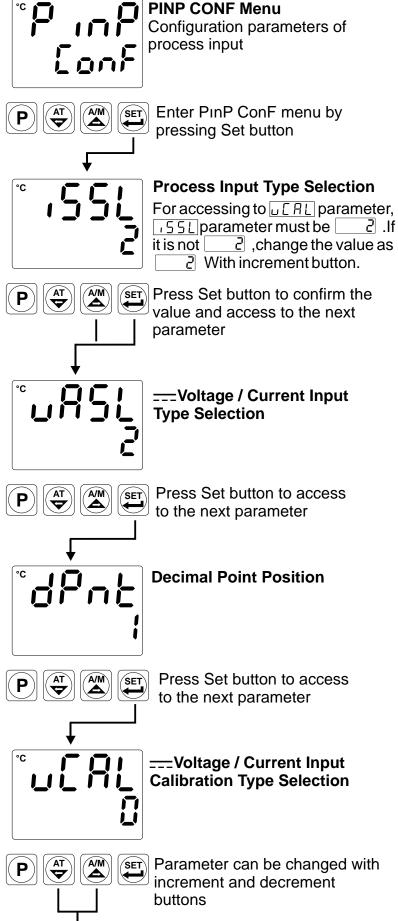
Example-4: To change ____Voltage / Current Input Calibration Type Selection parameter ___ In "PinP Conf" menu

Parameter is in "PINP ConF" menu. For accessing to this parameter, technician must access to "PINP ConF" menu firstly. In this example, changing input type of a device from thermocouple to ____Voltage/Current and dual point calibration selection is shown.

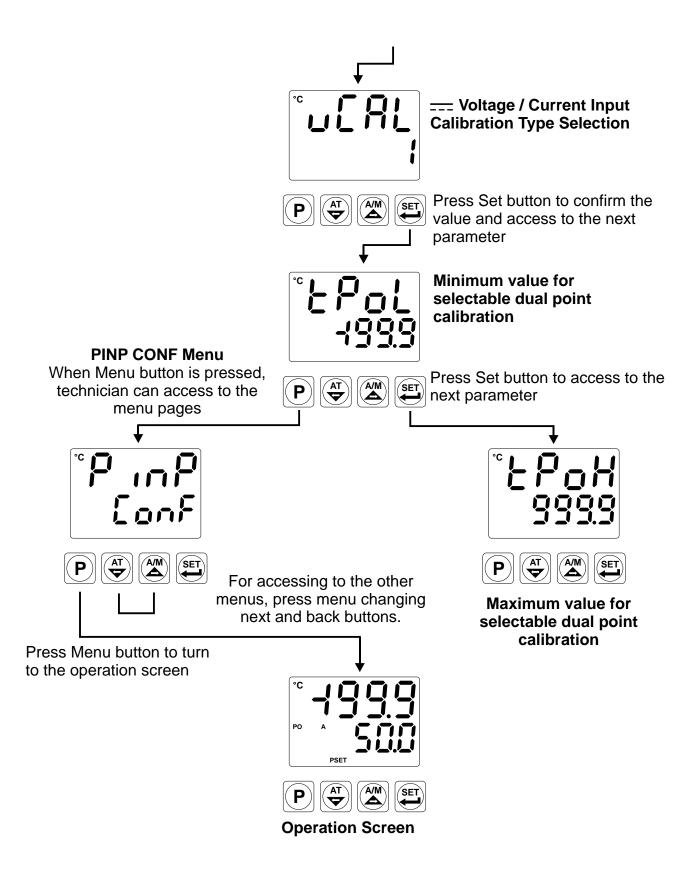




Technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.



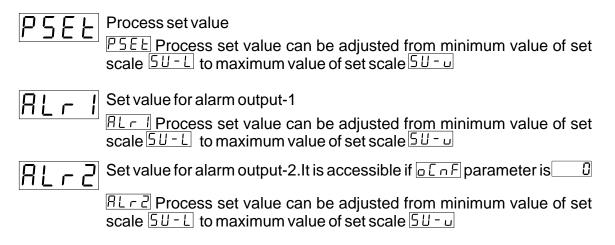




6. Parameters

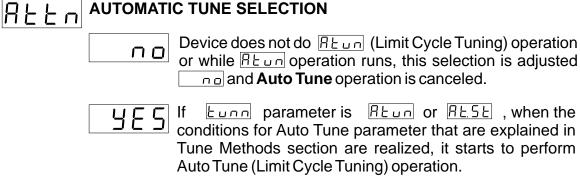
Parameters are divided into two groups. They are Process / Alarm Set parameters and Technician parameters. Technician parameters are grouped into subgroups according to their functions. The subgroups are named as menu pages.

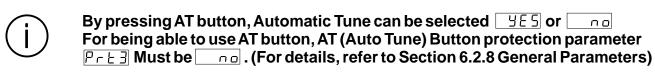
6.1 Process / Alarm SET Parameters



For changing Alarm Output-1 and Alarm Output-2 Set values, Alarm Set Values protection parameter Pred must be _______

6.2 Technician Parameters 6.2.1 Selection of PID Tune and Operation Form Γ L ,5E **TUNE SELECTION** Lunn By selecting one of the methods below, device can determine the PID parameters. Device operates according to the defined PID $\cap \bigcirc$ parameters Auto tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation Rtun Self tune (Step Response Tuning) operation 5600 8 Ł. S Ł **Auto-Self Tune** Self Tune operation is performed, if the conditions are realized when power on firstly. In normal operation, it controls the tune conditions in Auto Tune selection which explained below. If any of the conditions is realized, it performs the **Auto Tune** operation.





TUNE METHODS

There are 2 different methods for determining PID parameters by the device. These are **Auto tune** (Limit Cycle Tuning) and **Self Tune** (Step Response Tuning) methods.

Determining of PID parameters with **Auto Tune** is started in these conditions:

- 1- By the user in any time,
- 2- By the device when system gets unstable and starts oscillation

If process value is out of **Set ± Process value stabilisation Stra** value (Please refer to Section 6.2.4) and starts to oscillates, then device changes the **Btta** Parameter to **Stra** and Auto Tune operation is started.

3- After changing set value, if difference between newly defined set value and former set value is greater than proportional band, device will start it.

If set value is changed to a value that is greater than;

±[Scale * (Heating or Cooling Proportional Band)]/1000 value,

PEEn Parameter is adjusted <u>YES</u> by the device and **Auto Tune** operation is started.

Example -1: Starting Auto Tune operation by the user;

- Enter technician menu.
- Adjust tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u>in "run List" menu, **Auto Tune** R <u>Lun</u> Or **Auto-Self Tune** R <u>L</u> <u>5</u> <u>L</u>
- Adjust automatic tune selection parameter REEn in "run List" menu YES And return to main operation screen.
- Observe that "AT" led is active.

If **Auto Tune** operation finishes without any problem, device saves the PID coefficients to memory and continue to run. Been Parameter is adjusted automatically.

Canceling **Auto Tune** operation:

- 1- If sensor breaks:
- 2- If Auto Tune operation can not be completed in 8 hours
- 3-If user adjusts Eunn parameter no or 5Eun
- **4-** If user adjusts R Ł Ł ¬ parameter □ ¬ □
- 5- If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed
- **6-** While Tune operation is being performed, if operation type selection is changed as "Manual" when it is "Automatic" (If operation type selection is changed as "Automatic" when it is "Manual", then Tune operation is started again)
- **7-** If output function is changed while Tune operation is being performed (Heat Cool, Cool Heat)
- **8-** While Tune operation is being performed, if control form is changed as "ON/OFF" when it is "PID" (If control form is changed as "PID" when it is "ON/OFF", the Tune operation is started again)

Auto Tune is canceled. Then, without doing any changes in PID parameters and PID parameters, device continues to run with former PID parameters.



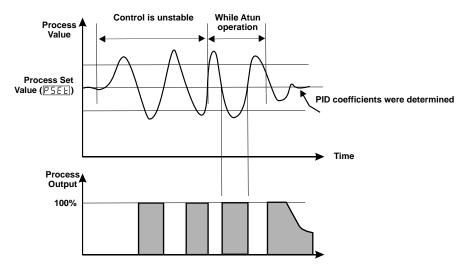
For Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation:

- 1- Tune slection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected <u>Reun</u> Autotune or <u>RESE</u> Auto-Self tune.
- **2 -** For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
- **3 -** If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.

Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation;

if heating or heating-cooling function and PID control form is selected, process control output runs according to heating

if cooling function and PID control form is selected, process control output runs according to cooling.



Self Tune (Step Response Tuning):

When power is on, while process value starts to change for being equal to process set value, PID parameters are determined by the device with **Self Tune** method.

For starting **Self Tune (Step Response Tuning)** operation firstly power off and then apply power to the device. Also difference between process value and set value must be too much.

Example 2: Determination of PID parameters with Self Tune method

- Enter technician menu
- Select tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu <u>Stun</u> or <u>Rt.St</u> and turn to operation screen.
- Power off the device.
- Wait system to be in first conditions.
 (For example: Decrease of the temperature to ambient temperature while controlling the temperature)
- Apply power to the device
- See that "AT" led is active

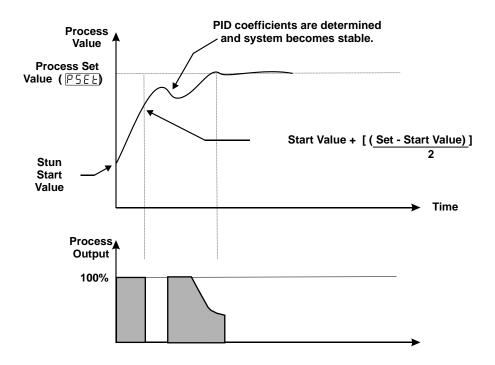
If heating or heating-cooling function and PID control form is selected for the system;

If set value is greater than process value, process output becomes active till to the **Temperature+[(Set - Temperature) / 2]** value. When process value reaches to this value, process output reduces to 0% and it calculates the PID coefficients.

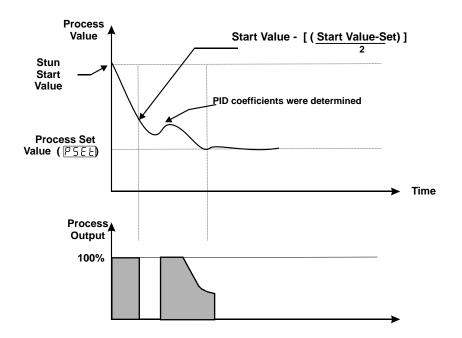


For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation:

- 1 Tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected **Self tune** [5 Lun Or **Auto-Self Tune** [R L S L]
- 2 For **Self Tune** (**Step Response Tuning**) operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.
- **3 -** For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
- **4 -** If process set value is changed whileTune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.



If cooling function and PID control form is selected for the system; If set value is less than process value, process output becomes active till to the **Temperature - [(Temperature-Set) / 2]** value. When process value reaches to this value, process output is reduced to 0% and it calculates PID coefficients.





For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation:

- 1 Tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected **Self tune** 5 Lun Or **Auto-Self Tune** RESE
- 2 For **Self Tune** (Step Response Tuning) operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.
- **3**-For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.
- **4 -** If process set value is changed whileTune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.

If **Self Tune** operation is interrupted at half, PID parameters and **Lunn** parameter are not changed, device continues to run with former PID parameters. When power is off and then on, device starts to complete the **Self Tune** operation.

Canceling **Self Tune** operation:

- 1- If sensor breaks;
- 2- If Self Tune operation can not be completed in 8 hours;
- **3-** While heating **Self Tune** operation is running, if process value becomes greater than Set value;
- **4-** While cooling **Self Tune** operation is running, if process value becomes less than Set value;
- 5- If user selects Eunn parameter no or Atun
- 6- If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed
- **7-** While Tune operation is being performed, if operation type selection is changed as "Manual" when it is "Automatic"
- **8-** If output function is changed while Tune operation is being performed (Heat Cool, Cool Heat)
- **9-** While Tune operation is being performed, if control form is changed as "ON/OFF" when it is "PID" (If control form is changed as "PID" when it is "ON/OFF", the Tune operation is started again)

Self Tune operation is canceled. Then device continues to run with former PID parameters without changing PID parameters.

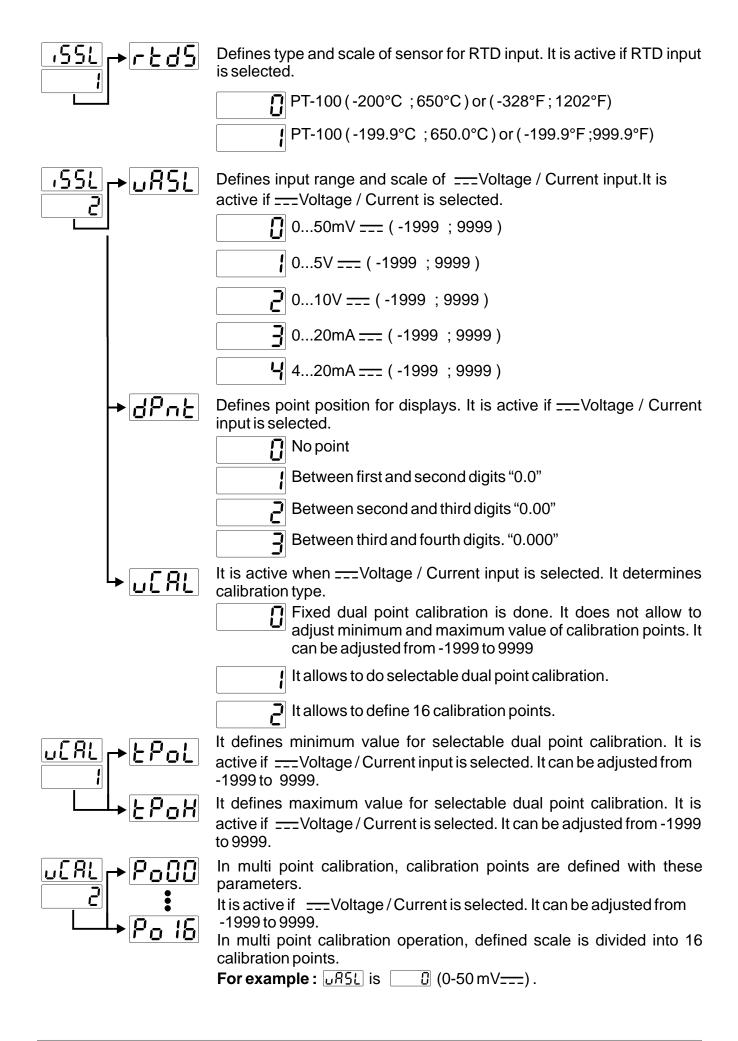


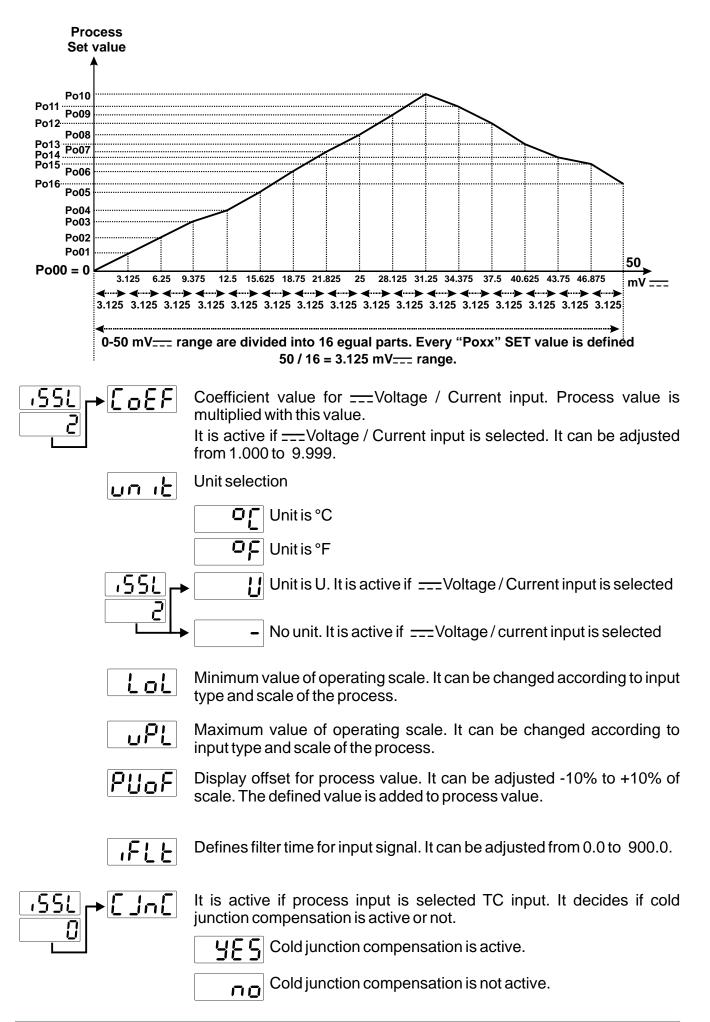
For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation:

- 1 Tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected **Self tune** [S Lun Or **Auto-Self Tune** [R L S L]
- 2 For **Self Tune** (Step Response Tuning) operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.
- **3 -** For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI. PD or PID.
- **4 -** If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled.

	6PLE	BUMPLESS TRANSFER
		Process output value in manual control is not taken into consideration while passing from manual control to automatic control. New control output that is measured in automatic control is applied to process output. Last %output value is taken output value of manual control and manual control continues while passing from automatic control to manual control.
		While passing from manual control to automatic control, last process output value in manual control is accepted as first process output value in automatic control and automatic control continues to run. Last % process output value in automatic control is accepted as process output value of manual control and manual control continues to run.
	LECC	ALARM LATCH CANCELING
		☐ ☐ Alarm latch canceling is not performed.
		If there is an alarm output with latching and there is no alarm status, latching operation will be finished by the device. When it is finished, this parameter becomes Automatically.
d ,5P	6.2.2 Funct	on Selection for Top and Bottom Display
	L d 5 P	t defines the function of the top display. This parameter determines which value is shown in top display.
		Process value (PV) is shown in top display.
		Difference between process set value and process value (SV-PV) is shown in top display.
	6d5P	t defines the function of the bottom display. This parameter determines which value is shown in bottom display.
		Process set value (SV) is shown in bottom display.
		%Output value that is applied to process control output is shown in bottom display.

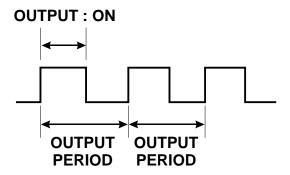
P .nP Conf	6.2.3 Proc	ess Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Input
	,55L	Defines the process input type.
		TC input type selection
		RTD input type selection
		Voltage / Current input type selection.
	EESL	Defines type and scale of the thermocouple for TC input. It is active if TC input type is selected.
		L (-100°C;850°C) or (-148°F;1562°F)
		L (-100.0°C;850.0°C) or (-148.0°F;999.9°F)
		J (-200°C;900°C) or (-328°F;1652°F)
		J (-199.9°C;900.0°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F)
		K (-200°C;1300°C) or (-328°F;2372°F)
		S K (-199.9°C;999.9°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F)
		R (0°C;1700°C) or (32°F;3092°F)
		R (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)
		S (0°C;1700°C) or (32°F;3092°F)
		G S (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)
		T (-200°C;400°C) or (-328°F;752°F)
		T (-199.9°C;400.0°C) or (-199.9°F;752.0°F)
		B (44°C;1800°C) or (111°F;3272°F)
		B (44.0°C;999.9°C) or (111.0°F; 999.9°F)
		E (-150°C;700°C) or (-238°F;1292°F)
		5 E (-150.0°C;700.0°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F)
		N (-200°C;1300°C) or (-328°F;2372°F)
		N (-200°C;1300°C) or (-328°F;2372°F)
		C (0°C;2300°C) or (32°F;3261°F)
		C (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)





6.2.4 PID Configuration Parameters If any output is configured as heating PID;],[, d ,[t ,oll ,oul ,olt , Rr ,SUof ,PofS , P_055 , S_{L-n} , o-db, S_{bou} parameters are accessible If no output is configured as PID; Only [0-db], [5b0] parameters are accessible in PID CONF menu. PROPORTIONAL BAND (000.0%, 999.9%) P Full Scale ($\Box PL - LoL$) %. If $\Box PL = 1000 \,^{\circ}C$, $LoL = 0 \,^{\circ}C$ and $PL = 1000 \,^{\circ}C$ Proportional Band = (1000-0)*50.0/100.0 = 500 °C INTEGRAL TIME (0000 sec, 3600 secs) It can be changed by the user. When Tune operation stops, it can be changed by the device. If it is 0, integral control part does not run. When tune operation stops if this parameter is 0, this parameter can not be changed because of integral control part does not run. DERIVATIVE TIME (000.0 sec, 999.9 secs) d It can be changed by the user. When Tune operation stops, it can be changed by the device. If it is 0, derivative control part does not run. When tune operation stops if this parameter is 0, this parameter can not be changed because of derivative control part does not run. IF It is control period Conf





 $= 50.0 \, \text{then}$

Relay Output: Output period must be short for stable process control. Relay must not be used in short output periods because of limited life of their relay contact (number of open/close events). Relay output must be used as control output in values near to 30 seconds or greater than this value.

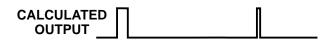
SSR Output: If short output period is needed in a system (approximately 1-2 seconds) SSR driver output as last control element is recommended.

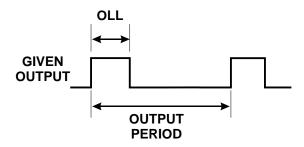


M N MUM CONTROL OUTPUT (0.0%, []])

It is % of minimum output.

Even as a result of the PID calculation device calculates the %output value less than this parameter, heating or cooling output is active minimum for OLL parameter.



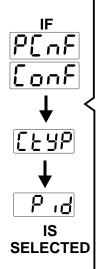


ouL

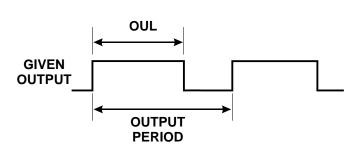
MAXIMUM CONTROL OUTPUT ([all land 1, 100.0%)

It is % of maximum output.

Even as a result of the PID calculation device calculates the %output value greater than this parameter, heating or cooling output is active maximum for OULH parameter.







oLt

MINIMUM CONTROL OUTPUT TIME ($0.0 \, \text{sec}$, [\vdash]

Heating or cooling output can not be active less than this parameter. Even if this parameter is 0, this parameter is accepted 50 msecs for security.

Ar-

ANTI-RESET WINDUP (0, SCALE HIGH POINT)

While PID operation is running if

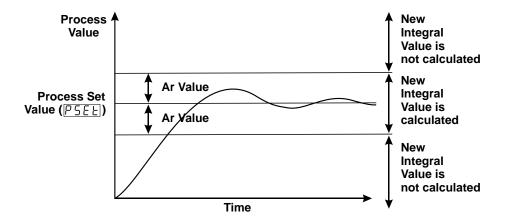
P5EL - Rr <= process value <= P5EL + Rr condition is true, integral value is calculated. If the condition is not true, integral value is not calculated and last calculated integral value is used.

Scale High Point : Maximum process input value in Pt-100 and Tc inputs

9999 for fixed dual point calibration used inputs,

Scale high point is the biggest one from $P_{a} Q Q$ or $P_{a} Q Q$ for multi point calibration used inputs

Note: Point position changes according to process input type and scale, unit changes according to the selection in $[\underline{u},\underline{u},\underline{b}]$ parameter.





SUoF

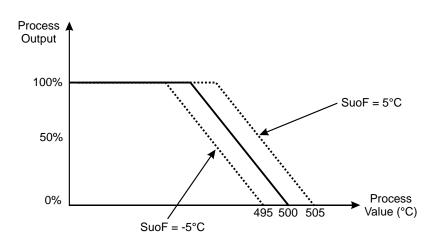
SET VALUE OFFSET

((-SCALE HIGH POINT/2), (SCALE HIGH POINT/2))

PSEE + SUOF Is used as set value in PID calculations. It is used for shifting the proportional band.

Example: If $P5EE = 500^{\circ}C$, $5UoF = 5^{\circ}C$ or $5UoF = -5^{\circ}C$, shifting of the proportional band is shown below:

Note: Point position changes according to process input type and scale, unit changes according to the selection in unit parameter.

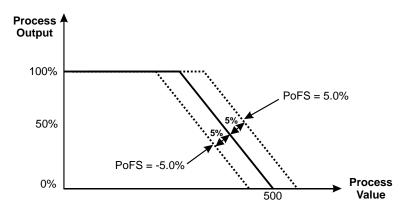


PofS

PID OUTPUT OFFSET

(FOR HEATING PID 0.0%, 100.0%) (FOR COOLING PID -100.0%, 0.0%)

This parameter is added to "Output %" which is calculated at the end of the PID.



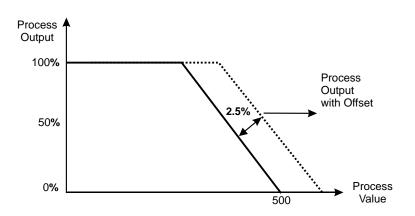
Po55

OUTPUT OFFSET RELATED TO PID SET

(FOR HEATING PID 0.0%, 100.0%) (FOR COOLING PID -100.0%, 0.0%)

Example If $P5EL = 500^{\circ}C$, $PL = 1000^{\circ}C$, LoL = 0, Po55 = 5.0% then Po55 * P5EL / (<math>PL - LoL) = 5.0*500/(1000-0) = 2.5% 2.5% is added to calculated process value.







IF

Conf

[ESP

IS SELECTED

PROCESS VALUE STABILIZATION (1, SCALE HIGH POINT)

It is used for controlling if process value oscillates or not when Eurn Parameter is AEun or AESE

lf;

PSEL - SErn<= Process Value <= PSEE + SErn condition is not true and process value starts to oscillate (as shown in the diagram). If Eunn parameter is REun or RESE, then REEn parameter is selected YES And then Limit Cycle Tune operation starts for determining new PID parameters.

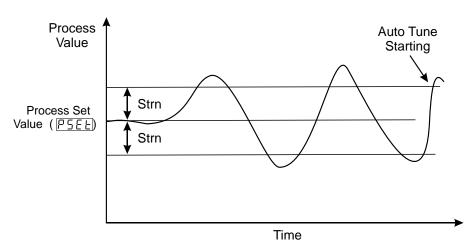
Scale High Point : Maximum process input value in Pt-100 and Tc inputs

9999 for fixed dual point calibration used inputs,

Scale high point is the biggest one from \(\bar{\mathbb{P}_0 \mathbb{L}} \) or \(\bar{\mathbb{L} \mathbb{P}_0 \mathbb{H}} \) for selectable dual point calibration used inputs

Scale high point is the biggest one from Poll or Poll for multi point calibration used inputs

Note: Point position changes according to process input type and scale, unit changes according to the selection in unit parameter.





PROPORTIONAL BAND SHIFTING ((-SCALE HIGH POINT/2), (SCALE LOW POINT/2))

If heating-cooling or only cooling function is performed;

Cooling process set value is calculated by adding set value P5EE with parameter _ - d b

Control form can be ON/OFF or PID.

If set value for heating = P5EL + 5UoF; Then set value for cooling = P5EL + 5UoF + o-db

Scale High Point: Maximum process input value in Pt-100 and Tc inputs

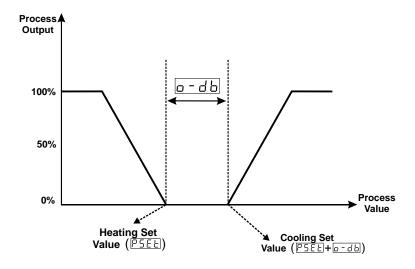
9999 for fixed dual point calibration used inputs.

Scale high point is the biggest one from P - L or P - H for selectable dual point calibration used inputs

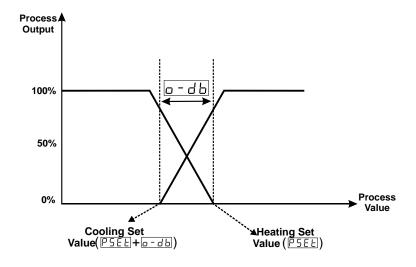
Scale high point is the biggest one from $P_{\circ} \square \square$ or $P_{\circ} \square \square$ for multi point calibration used inputs

Note: Point position changes according to process input type and scale, unit changes according to the selection in unit parameter.

If a - db > 0 (Dead Band)



If a - db < 0 (Overlap Band)

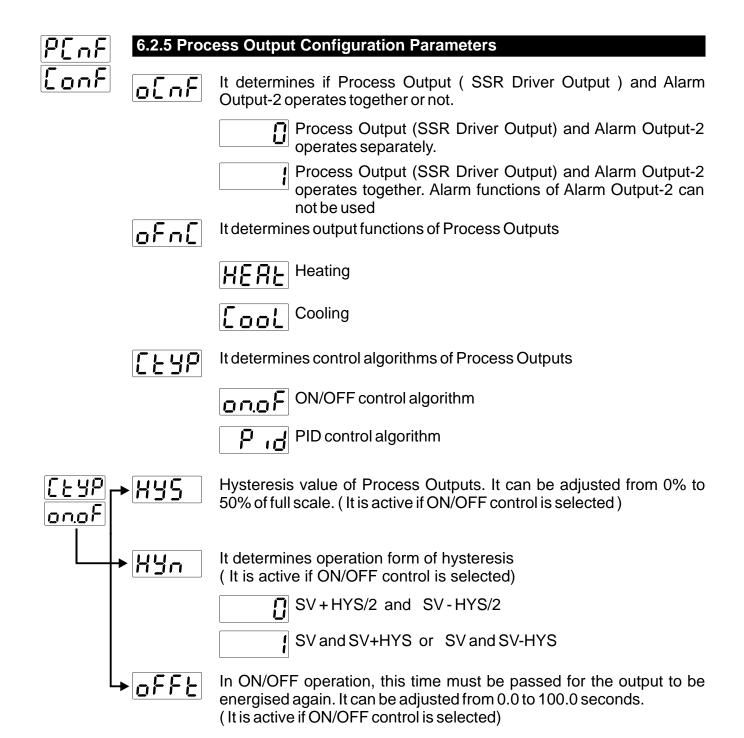


5600

SENSOR BREAK OUTPUT VALUE (FOR HEATING PID 0.0%, 100.0%) (FOR COOLING PID -100.0%, 0.0%)

When sensor breaks, controlling of the process can continue by entering %output value to 5 b o u parameter.

If this parameter 0.0, process control output does not perform an output when sensor breaks.



ALn I

6.2.6 ALARM Output-1 Configuration Parameters

Loui

It determines logic output function for Alarm Output-1

Alarm output

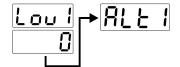
Manual/Automatic data output

Sensor break alarm output

Output is active when the process value is out of the band which is defined with minimum value of operating scale

LoL And maximum value of operating scale

uPL



It determines alarm type for Output-1. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.

Process high alarm

Process low alarm

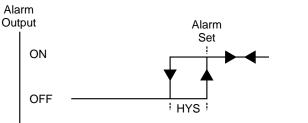
Deviation high alarm

] Deviation low alarm

4 Deviation band alarm

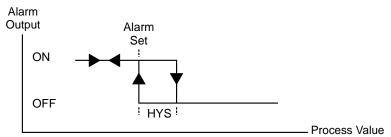
5 Deviation range alarm

Process high alarm

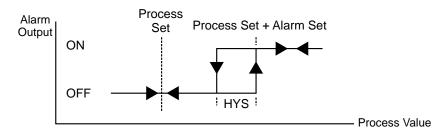


Process Value

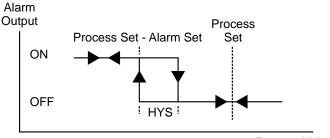
Process low alarm



Deviation high alarm

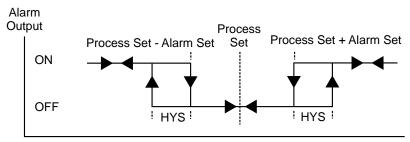


Deviation low alarm



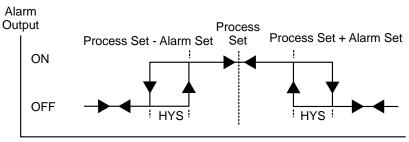
Process Value

Deviation band alarm

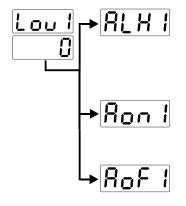


Process Value

Deviation range alarm



Process Value

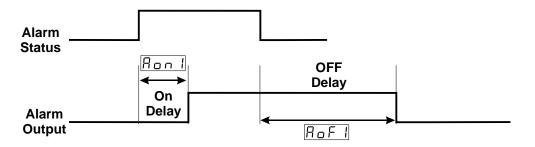


Alarm-1 hysteresis value.

it can be adjusted from 0% to 50% of process input scale $(\Box PL - \Box L \Box L)$ It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.

Alarm on delay time for Alarm Output-1. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999 seconds. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.

Alarm off delay time for Alarm Output-1. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9998 seconds. When the value is greater than 9998, LETH is seen on the screen. It means alarm latching output is selected. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-1 is alarm output.



6.2.7 ALARM Output-2 Configuration Parameters



"Aln2 Conf" Menu is accessible if of nF "PCnF ConF" is 0

parameter in



It determines logic output function for Alarm Output-2

Alarm output

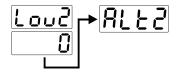
! Manual / Automatic data output

Sensor break alarm output

Output is active when the process value is out of the band which is defined with minimum value of operating scale

LaL And maximum value of operating scale

uPL



It determines alarm type for Output-2. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output.

Process high alarm

! Process low alarm

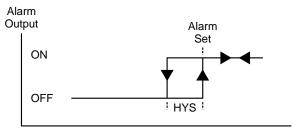
Deviation high alarm

📮 Deviation low alarm

Deviation band alarm

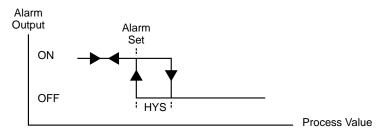
Deviation range alarm

Process high alarm

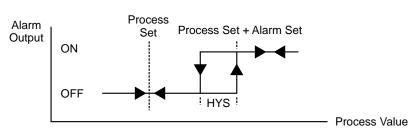


Process Value

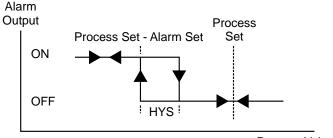
Process low alarm



Deviation high alarm

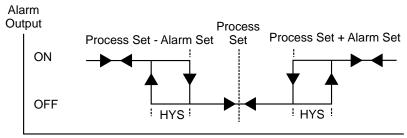


Deviation low alarm



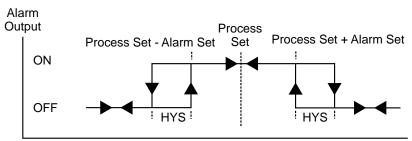
Process Value

Deviation band alarm

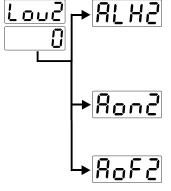


Process Value

Deviation range alarm



Process Value

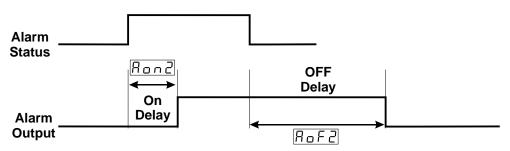


Alarm-2 hysteresis value.

it can be adjusted from 0% to 50% of process input scale ($\[\underline{\]}_{PL} - \[\underline{\]}_{aL} \]$) It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output.

Alarm on delay time for Alarm Output-2. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999 seconds. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output.

Alarm off delay time for Alarm Output-2. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9998 seconds. When the value is greater than 9998, LETH is seen on the screen. It means alarm latching output is selected. It is active if logic output function of Alarm Output-2 is alarm output.





"Aln2 Conf" Menu is accessible if of of parameter in "PCnF ConF" is



6.2.8 General Parameters

5U-L	Minimum value for process set and alarm set values. It is named as low limit of set scale. It can be adjusted from low limit of input selected with 551 parameter to 511-1 parameter. Please refer to Section 6.2.3 Process Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Input for 551 parameter
5 U - u	Maximum value for process set and alarm set values. It is named as high limit of set scale. It can be adjusted from 511-1 to high limit of input selected with 7551 Parameter. Please refer to Section 6.2.3 Process Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Input for 7551 parameter
Prt 1	Alarm Set Values Protection
	☐ ☐ Alarm Set values can be changed
	Alarm Set values can not be changed. Alarm set values parameters, RL - I and RL - 2, are not accessible
PrE2	AUTO / MANUAL Selection Button Protection
	Auto or Manual selection is possible with A/M button in Main Operation screen
	Auto or Manual selection is not possible with A/M button in Main Operation screen
P- E 3	AT (AUTO TUNE) Button Protecttion
	Limit Cycle Tuning operation can be active or inactive with AT (Auto Tune) Button in Main Operation screen
	Limit Cycle Tuning operation can not be active or inactive with AT (Auto Tune) Button in Main Operation screen

PASS Conf

6.2.9 Technician Password

£[P5

It is used for accessing to the technician parameters. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999.
If it is $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
If it is different from "0" and user wants to access to the technician parameters; 1- If technician does not enter
2- When LIPS in top display and In bottom display is observed, if technician presses SET button without entering LIPS password (For observing parameter) Technician can see all menus and parameters except Technician Password menu ("Pass Conf"), but parameters can not be changed. (Please refer to Section 7. Failure Messages (4) in ESM-7730 Process Controllers)

7. Failure Messages in ESM-7730 Process Controllers



1 - Sensor failure in analogue inputs. Sensor connection is wrong or there is no sensor connection.











2 - If value on top display blinks: If analogue input value is less than minimum value of operating scale LoL value on the top display starts to blink.















ᅋ[]; 3|;|un it| 9000 are defined.

Adjust [LoL 450.0

If analogue input value is less than minimum value of operating scale LoL Value on the top display starts to blink.



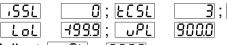
Please refer to Section 6.2.3 for detailed information about this parameter.



3 - If value on top display blinks: If analogue input value is greater than maximum value of operating scale upt top display starts to blink.



In "PinP Conf" Menu if;



3 ; |un_ib| 9000 are defined

Adjust JPL 8500

If analogue input value is greater than maximum value of operating scale $u^{\rho}L$ value on the top display starts to blink.



Please refer to Section 6.2.3 for detailed information about this parameter.



4 - If technician password is different from "0" and technician accesses to the parameters by Set button without entering the technician password and wants to change a parameter, device does not allow to do any changes in parameters. If increment or decrement button is pressed, a warning message will appear on the bottom display as shown on the left.













5 - If tuning operation can not be completed in 8 hours, AT led starts to blink.Blinking can be canceled by pressing Enter button.



For details on parameters, refer to Section 6.2.1











6 - If user does not do anything for 120 seconds while device is on technician menus, device turns to operation screen.























8. Specifications

Device Type : Process Controller

Housing&Mounting : 72mm x 72mm x 87.5mm DIN Size 43700 plastic

housing for panel mounting. Panel cut-out is 69x69mm.

Protection Class : NEMA 4X (IP65 at front, IP20 at rear).

Weight : Approximately 0.20 Kg.

Environmental Ratings : Standard, indoor at an altitude of less than 2000 meters

with none condensing humidity.

Storage/Operating Temperature: -40 °C to +85 °C / 0 °C to +50 °C **Storage/Operating Humidity**: 90 % max. (None condensing)

Installation : Fixed installation

Over Voltage Category : II

Pollution Degree : II, office or workplace, none conductive pollution

Operating Conditions : Continuous

Supply Voltage and Power : $100 - 240 \, \text{V} \sim (-15\% \, / \, + 10\%) \, 50/60 \, \text{Hz} \, 6 \, \text{VA}$

24 V~ (-15% / +10%) 50/60 Hz 6VA

24 V== (-15% / +10%) 6W 12 V== (-15% / +10%) 6W

Process Inputs : Universal input TC, RTD, — Voltage/Current

Thermocouple Input Types : Selectable by parameters

L (DIN43710),

J ,K ,R ,S ,T ,B ,E ,N (IEC584.1)(ITS90) , C (ITS90)

Thermoresistance Input Types : PT 100 (IEC751) (ITS90)

Voltage Input Types : Selectable by parameters 0..50mV — , 0..5V — ,

0..10V ---

Current Input Types : Selectable by parameters 0...20mA ____ , 4...20mA ____

Accuracy : $\pm 0.25\%$ of full scale for thermocouple, thermoresistance

and voltage,

± 0,70% of full scale for current.

Cold Junction Compensation : Automatically ± 0.1 °C/1 °C.

Line Compensation : Maximum 10

Sensor Break Protection : Upscale

Sampling Cycle : 3 samples per second **Input Filter** : 0.0 to 900.0 seconds

Control Forms : Programmable ON / OFF, P, PI, PD or PID.

Relay Output : 2 pieces 5A@250V ∼ (at resistive load)

(Programmable control or alarm output) (Electrical Life

:100000 operation (Full Load))

Standard SSR Driver Output : Maximum 20mA@18V ===

Process Display : 13.2 mm Red 4 digits LED Display Set Display : 9.1 mm Green 4 digits LED Display

Led Indicators : AT (Auto Tune), M (Manual Mode), A (Automatic Mode),

PSET (Process Set value), ASET1 (Alarm-1Set value), ASET2 (Alarm-2 Set value), PO (Process Output), AO1 (Alarm Output-1) , AO2 (Alarm Output-2) °C / °F /

V unit leds

Approvals : UL Recognized Component (File No : E 254103),

GOST-R, C€